

Online safety

Catfishing (online)	Creating a fake profile on social media to deliberately trick someone.
Cyberbully	Someone who bullies others through the internet.
Exclusion	Being deliberately left out of an online conversation or game.
Fake profile	A fake profile pretending to be someone they are not.
Information	Knowledge which can be remembered, written in documents or stored in different forms as data, such as in video files and audio recordings.
Online	When a person is accessing the internet through an electronic device.
Online safety (e-safety)	The rules and advice we should follow, to remain safe when using the internet (World Wide Web).
Password	A unique combination of letters, numbers or symbols that protects personal information online.
Personal information	Facts about someone, which identify them, the place they live and their person.
Phishing	When someone pretends to be someone else in an email, especially a reputable or trusted company, to get money or information from users.
Trickery	Lying to someone to gain their trust, then using this to get them to reveal secrets, which they can share publicly or use to access private information.
Trolling	Deliberately saying inflammatory things to try and get a response.

Remember, to stay safe:

Stop



Think



Talk it through with a trusted adult

Key facts

Online safety rules

RULE ONE:

Do not post personal information online.

Name:

Address:

Phone number:



RULE TWO:

Do think carefully about sharing photos of yourself, even with friends. Once it is sent, that other person has it forever.



RULE THREE:

Do not share your passwords with anyone, except for trusted adults.

Username:

Password:



RULE FOUR:

Do be aware that not everyone online is who they appear to be.



RULE FIVE:

Do not meet up with anyone you meet online, or give them your personal information.



RULE SIX:

Do tell a trusted adult if you see anything that makes you scared, sad or afraid.

